

Species Modeling Report

Ruby-throated Hummingbird

Archilochus colubris

Taxa: Avian Order: Apodiformes

Family: Trochilidae

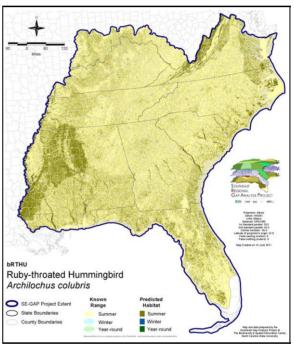
SE-GAP Spp Code: **bRTHU** ITIS Species Code: 178032

NatureServe Element Code: ABNUC45010

KNOWN RANGE:

BRTHU Ruby-throated Hummingbird Archilochus colubris SE-GAP Project Extent State Boundaries Courtly Boundaries State Boundaries Courtly Boundaries Summer Vest-ound

PREDICTED HABITAT:



Range Map Link: http://www.basic.ncsu.edu/segap/datazip/maps/SE_Range_bRTHU.pdf

Predicted Habitat Map Link: http://www.basic.ncsu.edu/segap/datazip/maps/SE_Dist_bRTHU.pdf
GAP Online Tool Link: http://www.gapserve.ncsu.edu/segap/segap/index2.php?species=bRTHU

Data Download: http://www.basic.ncsu.edu/segap/datazip/region/vert/bRTHU-se00.zip

PROTECTION STATUS:

Reported on March 14, 2011

Federal Status: ---

State Status: KY (N), NJ (D/S), NY (PB), RI (Not Listed), BC (8 (2005)), QC (Non suivie)

NS Global Rank: G5

NS State Rank: AK (SNA), AL (S5), AR (S5B), AZ (SNA), CT (S5B), CT (S5B), DC (S3B,S3N), DE (S5B), FL (SNRB,SNRN), GA (S5), IA (S4B,S5N), IL (S4S5), IN (S4B), KS (S4B), KS (S4B), KY (S5B), LA (S5B), MA (S5B), MD (S5B), ME (S5B), MI (S5), MN (SNRB), MO (SNRB), MS (S5B), MT (SNA), NC (S5B), ND (SNRB), NE (S3), NH (S5B), NJ (S4B), NM (SNA), NY (S5), OH (S5), OK (S5B), PA (S5B), RI (S3B), SC (SNRB), SD (S2B), SD (S2B), TN (S5), TX (S4B), VA (S5), VT (S5B), VT (S5B), WA (SNA), WI (S4B), WI (S4B), WV (S5B), WY (SNA), AB (S5), BC (SNA), LB (SNA), MB (S5B), MB (S5B), NB (S5B), NF (S1B), NS (S5B), ON (S5B), PE (S5B), QC (S5B), SK (S5B,S4M)

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SUMMARY OF PREDICTED HABITAT BY MANAGMENT AND GAP PROTECTION STATUS:

		JS FWS	US Forest Service Tenn. Valley Author.		US DOD/ACOE			
	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%
Status 1	80,828.8	< 1	9,673.1	< 1	0.0	0	0.0	0
Status 2	188,088.1	< 1	197,627.4	< 1	0.0	0	2,198.3	< 1
Status 3	2,292.6	< 1	1,006,158.1	3	21,851.3	< 1	237,189.2	< 1
Status 4	63.5	< 1	< 0.1	< 1	0.0	0	128.3	< 1
Total	271,273.0	< 1	1,213,458.7	4	21,851.3	< 1	239,515.7	< 1
	US Dept. of	Energy	US Nat. Park	Service		NOAA	Other Federa	ıl Lands
	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%
Status 1	0.0	0	84,137.7	< 1	18.8	< 1	6,442.7	< 1
Status 2	0.0	0	5,987.1	< 1	3,528.3	< 1	7.2	< 1
Status 3	20,379.2	< 1	158,133.0	< 1	0.0	0	1,792.1	< 1
Status 4	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
Total	20,379.2	< 1	248,257.7	< 1	3,547.1	< 1	8,242.0	< 1
	Native Am.	Native Am. Reserv.		State Park/Hist. Park		meland	State Forest	
	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%
Status 1	0.0	0	491.0	< 1	49.0	< 1	0.0	0
Status 2	0.0	0	4,081.1	< 1	417,750.4	1	196.1	< 1
Status 3	9,508.5	< 1	329,148.0	1	132,438.5	< 1	144,083.4	< 1
Status 4	0.0	0	< 0.1	< 1	38,015.3	< 1	12.1	< 1
Total	9,508.5	< 1	333,720.2	1	588,253.1	2	144,291.6	< 1
	State Coastal Reserve		ST Nat.Area/Pi	eserve	Other Stat	e Lands	Private Cons. E	asemt.
	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%
Status 1	0.0	0	4,435.4	< 1	0.0	0	0.0	0
Status 2	11,359.1	< 1	54,131.9	< 1	4.2	< 1	1,559.1	< 1
Status 3	0.0	0	13,360.0	< 1	12,058.7	< 1	67,497.9	< 1
Status 4	0.0	0	0.6	< 1	1,318.9	< 1	0.0	0
Total	11,359.1	< 1	71,927.9	< 1	13,381.8	< 1	69,057.0	< 1
	Private Land - I	No Res.		Water		"	Overa	ıll Total
	ha	%	ha	%			ha	rotai %
Status 1	0.0	0	0.0	0			186,076.4	< 1
Status 2	0.0	0	0.0	0			886,518.3	3
Status 3	493.8	< 1	< 0.1	< 1			2,156,384.3	11
Status 4	24,765,521.6	85	40,160.5	< 1			24,883,172.7	85
Total	24,766,015.4	85	40,160.6	< 1			28,112,151.7	100
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GAP Status 1: An area having permanent protection from conversion of natural land cover and a mandated management plan in operation to maintain a natural state within which disturbance events (of natural type, frequency, and intensity) are allowed to proceed without interference or are mimicked through management.

GAP Status 2: An area having permanent protection from conversion of natural land cover and a mandated management plan in operation to maintain a primarily natural state, but which may receive use or management practices that degrade the quality of existing natural communities.

GAP Status 3: An area having permanent protection from conversion of natural land cover for the majority of the area, but subject to extractive uses of either a broad, low-intensity type or localized intense type. It also confers protection to federally listed endangered and threatened species throughout the area.

GAP Status 4: Lack of irrevocable easement or mandate to prevent conversion of natural habitat types to anthropogenic habitat types. Allows for intensive use throughout the tract. Also includes those tracts for which the existence of such restrictions or sufficient information to establish a higher status is unknown.

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PREDICTED HABITAT MODEL(S):

Summer Model:

Habitat Description: Ruby-throated humming birds are found near flowering plants (Johnsgard 1983) in areas such as the understory of mixed and deciduous forests, disturbed areas, early successional communities, woodland edges (Simpson 1992), residential areas, and bottomlands (Fussell 1994). They are most numerous in moist areas such as bottomland woods, but may also be found in upland forest, overgrown fields, and clearcuts (GA). They may be locally common where there are flowers such as honeysuckle or trumpetvine. They are also common on woodland edge, in second growth, parks, and open situations with scattered trees and forage insects and nectar in meadows and gardens (AOU 1983). Uncommon on the barrier islands of North Carolina (Fussell and Lyons 1990). Generally avoid coniferous woods (Hammel 1992).

> The nest tree is generally located in an open area or above a stream. The nest is placed on a small limb that slants downward from the tree about 3-6m above the ground, and is always sheltered by overhanging limbs (Johnsgard 1983).

Quoted directly from existing state habitat notes - K. Cook, 17Feb05

note: Ruby-throats may breed in deciduous forest and mixed woodland not just in edge habitats.

Functional Group	Map Unit Name Low Intensity Developed				
Anthropogenic					
Anthropogenic	Successional Shrub/Scrub (Clear Cut)				
Anthropogenic	Successional Shrub/Scrub (Other)				
Anthropogenic	Successional Shrub/Scrub (Utility Swath)				
orest/Woodland	Alabama Ketona Glade and Woodland				
orest/Woodland	Atlantic Coastal Plain Mesic Hardwood and Mixed Forest				
orest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Interior Shortleaf Pine-Oak Forest - Hardwood Modifier				
orest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Interior Shortleaf Pine-Oak Forest - Mixed Modifier				
orest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Limestone Forest				
orest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Northern Loess Bluff Forest				
orest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Northern Loess Plain Oak-Hickory Upland - Hardwood Modifier				
orest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Northern Mesic Hardwood Forest				
orest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Southern Loess Bluff Forest				
orest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Southern Mesic Slope Forest				
orest/Woodland	Northeastern Interior Dry Oak Forest-Hardwood Modifier				
orest/Woodland	South Florida Pine Rockland				
orest/Woodland	South-Central Interior Mesophytic Forest				
orest/Woodland	Southern and Central Appalachian Cove Forest				
orest/Woodland	Southern Coastal Plain Oak Dome and Hammock				
orest/Woodland	Southern Piedmont Mesic Forest				
orest/Woodland	Southern Piedmont Northern Triassic Basin Dry Forest				
Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal Plain Blackwater Stream Floodplain Forest - Forest Modifier				
Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal Plain Brownwater Stream Floodplain Forest				
Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal Plain Clay-Based Carolina Bay Forested Wetland				
Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal Plain Clay-Based Carolina Bay Herbaceous Wetland				
Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal Plain Nonriverine Swamp and Wet Hardwood Forest - Taxodium/Nyssa Modifier				
Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal Plain Nonriverine Swamp and Wet Hardwood Forest - Oak Dominated Modifier				
Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal Plain Northern Basin Peat Swamp				
Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal Plain Northern Basin Swamp and Wet Hardwood Forest				
Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal Plain Peatland Pocosin				
Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal Plain Small Blackwater River Floodplain Forest				
Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal Plain Small Brownwater River Floodplain Forest				
Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal Plain Streamhead Seepage Swamp, Pocosin, and Baygall				
Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal Plain Xeric River Dune				

bRTHU Page 3 of 5 Wetlands Central Appalachian Riparian - Forest Modifier Wetlands Central Interior Highlands and Appalachian Sinkhole and Depression Pond Wetlands East Gulf Coastal Plain Interior Shrub Bog Wetlands East Gulf Coastal Plain Large River Floodplain Forest - Forest Modifier Wetlands East Gulf Coastal Plain Northern Seepage Swamp Wetlands East Gulf Coastal Plain Small Stream and River Floodplain Forest Wetlands East Gulf Coastal Plain Southern Loblolly-Hardwood Flatwoods Wetlands Lower Mississippi River Bottomland and Floodplain Forest Wetlands Lower Mississippi River Bottomland Depressions - Forest Modifier Wetlands Mississippi River Low Floodplain (Bottomland) Forest Wetlands Mississippi River Riparian Forest Wetlands North-Central Appalachian Acidic Swamp North-Central Appalachian Seepage Fen Wetlands Wetlands North-Central Interior and Appalachian Rich Swamp Wetlands South Florida Bayhead Swamp Wetlands South Florida Cypress Dome Wetlands South Florida Hardwood Hammock Wetlands South Florida Willow Head Wetlands South-Central Interior Large Floodplain - Forest Modifier South-Central Interior Small Stream and Riparian Wetlands Wetlands South-Central Interior/Upper Coastal Plain Wet Flatwoods Southern and Central Appalachian Bog and Fen Wetlands Wetlands Southern Coastal Plain Blackwater River Floodplain Forest Wetlands Southern Coastal Plain Hydric Hammock Wetlands Southern Coastal Plain Nonriverine Basin Swamp Wetlands Southern Coastal Plain Nonriverine Cypress Dome Wetlands Southern Coastal Plain Seepage Swamp and Baygall Wetlands Southern Piedmont Large Floodplain Forest - Forest Modifier Wetlands Southern Piedmont Seepage Wetland Wetlands Southern Piedmont Small Floodplain and Riparian Forest Wetlands Southern Piedmont/Ridge and Valley Upland Depression Swamp Wetlands Western Highland Rim Seepage Fen

CITATIONS:

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Compiled: 15 September 2011

This data was compiled and/or developed by the Southeast GAP Analysis Project at The Biodiversity and Spatial Information Center, North Carolina State University.

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