





Species Modeling Report

Song Sparrow

Melospiza melodia

Taxa: Avian

Order: Passeriformes

Family: Emberizidae

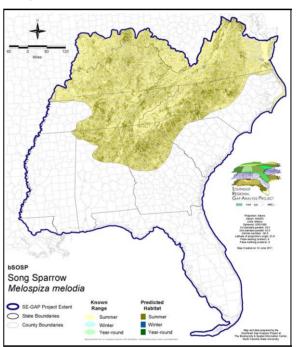
SE-GAP Spp Code: **bSOSP** ITIS Species Code: 179492

NatureServe Element Code: ABPBXA3010

KNOWN RANGE:

Song Sparrow Melospiza melodia

PREDICTED HABITAT:



Range Map Link: http://www.basic.ncsu.edu/segap/datazip/maps/SE Range bSOSP.pdf

Predicted Habitat Map Link: http://www.basic.ncsu.edu/segap/datazip/maps/SE_Dist_bSOSP.pdf GAP Online Tool Link: http://www.gapserve.ncsu.edu/segap/segap/index2.php?species=bSOSP

Data Download: http://www.basic.ncsu.edu/segap/datazip/region/vert/bSOSP_se00.zip

PROTECTION STATUS:

Reported on March 14, 2011

Federal Status: ---

State Status: CA (None), ID (P), KY (N), NJ (S/S), NV (YES), NY (PB), RI (Not Listed), UT (None), BC (4 (2005)), QC (Non suivie)

NS Global Rank: G5

NS State Rank: AK (S5), AL (S3B,S5N), AR (S4N), AZ (S5), CA (SNR), CO (S5), CT (S5B), CT (S5B), DC (S5B,S5N), DE (S5), FL (SNRN), GA (S5), IA (S5B,S5N), ID (S5B,S5N), IL (S5), IN (S4S5), KS (S3B,S4N), KY (S4S5B,S5N), LA (S5N), MA (S5), MD (S5), ME (S4N,S4S5B), MI (S5), MN (SNRB,SNRN), MO (SNR), MS (SNA), MT (S5B), MT (S5B), NC (S5B,S5N), ND (SNRB), NE (S4), NH (S5), NJ (S5B,S5N), NM (S4B,S5N), NV (S5), NY (S5), OH (S5), OK (S5N), OR (S5), PA (S5), RI (S5B), SC (SNRB, SNRN), SD (S5B), SD (S5B), TN (S4), TX (S5), UT (S4S5), VA (S5), VT (S5B), VT (S5B), WA (S5), WI (S5B), WI (S5B), WV (S5N,S5B), WY (S5B,S5N), AB (S5), BC (S5B), LB (S2B), MB (S5B), MB (S5B), NB (S5B), NF (S3B), NS (S5B), NT (SNRB), NU (SNR), ON (S5B), PE (S5B), QC (S5B), SK (S5B), YT (S4B)

bSOSP Page 1 of 5

SUMMARY OF PREDICTED HABITAT BY MANAGMENT AND GAP PROTECTION STATUS:

	US FWS		US Forest Service		Tenn. Valley Author.		US DOD/ACOE	
	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%
Status 1	9,224.7	< 1	713.8	< 1	0.0	0	0.0	0
Status 2	11,594.4	< 1	9,438.4	< 1	0.0	0	803.8	< 1
Status 3	175.8	< 1	106,590.7	< 1	28,569.7	< 1	73,308.7	< 1
Status 4	12.2	< 1	0.0	0	0.0	0	216.0	< 1
Total	21,007.1	< 1	116,742.9	< 1	28,569.7	< 1	74,328.5	< 1
	US Dept. of Energy		US Nat. Park Service		NOAA		Other Federal Lands	
	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%
Status 1	0.0	0	10,568.2	< 1	47.3	< 1	0.0	0
Status 2	0.0	0	13,321.3	< 1	622.1	< 1	0.0	0
Status 3	3,414.9	< 1	27,652.3	< 1	0.0	0	554.9	< 1
Status 4	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
Total	3,414.9	< 1	51,541.7	< 1	669.4	< 1	554.9	< 1
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Native Am.	Reserv.	State Park/His	st. Park	State WMA/Gar	meland	State	Forest
	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%
Status 1	0.0	0	93.8	< 1	11.5	< 1	0.0	0
Status 2	0.0	0	1,275.3	< 1	60,084.0	< 1	119.8	< 1
Status 3	3,007.4	< 1	17,797.0	< 1	21,023.6	< 1	3,635.6	< 1
Status 4	0.0	0	0.0	0	7,900.7	< 1	0.0	0
Total	3,007.4	< 1	19,166.0	< 1	89,019.8	<1	3,755.3	< 1
	State Coastal Reserve		ST Nat.Area/Preserve		Other State Lands		Private Cons. Easemt.	
	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%	ha	%
Status 1	0.0	0	1,085.7	< 1	0.0	0	0.0	0
Status 2	10,046.9	< 1	7,886.1	< 1	1.8	< 1	270.5	< 1
Status 3	0.0	0	700.4	< 1	1,964.3	< 1	1,212.6	< 1
Status 4	0.0	0	0.0	0	1,141.6	< 1	0.0	0
Total	10,046.9	< 1	9,672.1	< 1	3,107.6	< 1	1,483.0	< 1
	Private Land - I	No Res		Water		,	Overa	ıll Total
	ha	%	ha	%			ha	rotai %
Status 1	0.0	0	0.0	0			21,745.0	< 1
Status 2	0.0	0	0.0	0			115,464.2	< 1
Status 3	0.0	0	0.0	0			289,607.5	3
Status 4	14,007,535.1	96	10,987.0	< 1			14,035,681.2	96
Total	14,007,535.1	96	10,987.0	<1			14,462,497.9	100

GAP Status 1: An area having permanent protection from conversion of natural land cover and a mandated management plan in operation to maintain a natural state within which disturbance events (of natural type, frequency, and intensity) are allowed to proceed without interference or are mimicked through management.

GAP Status 2: An area having permanent protection from conversion of natural land cover and a mandated management plan in operation to maintain a primarily natural state, but which may receive use or management practices that degrade the quality of existing natural communities.

GAP Status 3: An area having permanent protection from conversion of natural land cover for the majority of the area, but subject to extractive uses of either a broad, low-intensity type or localized intense type. It also confers protection to federally listed endangered and threatened species throughout the area.

GAP Status 4: Lack of irrevocable easement or mandate to prevent conversion of natural habitat types to anthropogenic habitat types. Allows for intensive use throughout the tract. Also includes those tracts for which the existence of such restrictions or sufficient information to establish a higher status is unknown.

bSOSP Page 2 of 5

PREDICTED HABITAT MODEL(S):

Summer Model:

Habitat Description: Habitat in the breeding range includes a wide range of forest, shrub, and riparian habitats, but limited to those adjacent to fresh water more often in arid environments. Occupy shrubs on moist ground along streams, slough, marsh, or coastline from fresh to saltwater. Favors shrubby areas in open country; residential shrubbery, farmyards, streamside thickets, hedgerows, and pond edges (Arcese et al 2002). M. Rubino, 13jan05.

Customized Model:

Instead of checking all forested habitat types and noting that this species uses edges and openings within forest, I chose to leave those map units unchecked and mention here that a grid of all forest edge (i.e. those areas other than forest interior) could be used. I also checked map units that may not necessarily be included in a grid of forest edge, namely emergent wetlands, balds, marsh, grassland/herbaceous, and anthropogenic units. Include contiguous patches of all these checked map units.

See notes in Model Review.

Model had 0m FROM and unlimited buffers INTO wet veg selected. Limiting this species to wet veg buffers eliminates too much potential habitat. I removed wet veg hydro buffers. I chose to hand model this species instead and limit pasture/hay to only moist flats, wet flats, and slope bottom landforms (see Palmer-Ball 1996, Arcese et al 2002); all other habitats are not limited by landforms, MJR 26 March 2008.

Mask of Forest Interior Avoidance: Exclude forest interiors with 60m buffer into them.

Functional Group	Map Unit Name				
Anthropogenic	Developed Open Space				
Anthropogenic	Low Intensity Developed				
Anthropogenic	Pasture/Hay				
Anthropogenic	Successional Grassland/Herbaceous				
Anthropogenic	Successional Grassland/Herbaceous (Other)				
Anthropogenic	Successional Grassland/Herbaceous (Utility Swath)				
Anthropogenic	Successional Shrub/Scrub (Clear Cut)				
Anthropogenic	Successional Shrub/Scrub (Other)				
Anthropogenic	Successional Shrub/Scrub (Utility Swath)				
Bald	Central Appalachian Montane Rocky Bald - Herbaceous Modifier				
Bald	Central Appalachian Montane Rocky Bald - Shrub Modifier				
Bald	Southern Appalachian Grass and Shrub Bald - Herbaceous Modifier				
Bald	Southern Appalachian Grass and Shrub Bald - Shrub Modifier				
Brackish Tidal Marsh & Wetland	Atlantic Coastal Plain Central Salt and Brackish Tidal Marsh				
Brackish Tidal Marsh & Wetland	Atlantic Coastal Plain Embayed Region Tidal Salt and Brackish Marsh				
Brackish Tidal Marsh & Wetland	Atlantic Coastal Plain Northern Sea-Level Fen				
Brackish Tidal Marsh & Wetland	Atlantic Coastal Plain Northern Tidal Salt Marsh				
Brackish Tidal Marsh & Wetland	Atlantic Coastal Plain Northern Tidal Wooded Swamp				
Coastal Dune & Freshwater Wetland	Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Interdunal Wetland				
Coastal Dune & Freshwater Wetland	Atlantic Coastal Plain Northern Dune and Maritime Grassland				
Coastal Dune & Freshwater Wetland	Atlantic Coastal Plain Southern Dune and Maritime Grassland				
Forest/Woodland	Alabama Ketona Glade and Woodland				
Forest/Woodland	Central Appalachian Alkaline Glade and Woodland				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Black Belt Calcareous Prairie and Woodland - Woodland Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	Ridge and Valley Calcareous Valley Bottom Glade and Woodland				
Freshwater Tidal Marsh & Wetland	Atlantic Coastal Plain Central Fresh-Oligohaline Tidal Marsh				
Freshwater Tidal Marsh & Wetland	Atlantic Coastal Plain Northern Fresh and Oligohaline Tidal Marsh				
Prairie	Bluegrass Basin Savanna and Woodland				
Prairie	East Gulf Coastal Plain Black Belt Calcareous Prairie and Woodland				
Prairie	East Gulf Coastal Plain Jackson Plain Prairie and Barrens				

bSOSP Page 3 of 5

Prairie Eastern Highland Rim Prairie and Barrens Prairie Eastern Highland Rim Prairie and Barrens - Dry Modifier Prairie Florida Dry Prairie Prairie Panhandle Florida Limestone Glade Prairie Pennyroyal Karst Plain Prairie and Barrens Southern Ridge and Valley Patch Prairie Prairie Prairie Western Highland Rim Prairie and Barrens Wetlands Atlantic Coastal Plain Blackwater Stream Floodplain Forest - Herbaceous Modifier Wetlands Atlantic Coastal Plain Depression Pondshore Wetlands Atlantic Coastal Plain Large Natural Lakeshore Wetlands Atlantic Coastal Plain Northern Pondshore Wetlands Atlantic Coastal Plain Sandhill Seep Wetlands Central Appalachian Floodplain - Herbaceous Modifier Wetlands Central Appalachian Riparian - Herbaceous Modifier Wetlands Central Interior Highlands and Appalachian Sinkhole and Depression Pond East Gulf Coastal Plain Interior Shrub Bog Wetlands Wetlands East Gulf Coastal Plain Northern Depression Pondshore Wetlands North-Central Appalachian Seepage Fen Wetlands South-Central Interior Large Floodplain - Herbaceous Modifier Wetlands Southern and Central Appalachian Bog and Fen Wetlands Southern Appalachian Seepage Wetland Wetlands Southern Piedmont Large Floodplain Forest - Herbaceous Modifier

Western Highland Rim Seepage Fen

Selected Secondary Man Units within 60m of Primary Man Units

Wetlands

elected Secondary Map Units within	60m of Primary Map Units:				
Functional Group	Map Unit Name				
Forest/Woodland	Southern Piedmont Dry Oak-Heath Forest - Hardwood Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	Southern Piedmont Dry Oak-Heath Forest - Virginia/Pitch Pine Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	Southern Appalachian Low Mountain Pine Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Southern Piedmont Dry Oak-(Pine) Forest - Hardwood Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	Southern Piedmont Dry Oak-(Pine) Forest - Loblolly Pine Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	Southern Piedmont Mesic Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Allegheny-Cumberland Dry Oak Forest and Woodland				
Forest/Woodland	Allegheny-Cumberland Dry Oak Forest and Woodland - Pine Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	Allegheny-Cumberland Dry Oak Forest and Woodland - Hardwood Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	Southern and Central Appalachian Cove Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Southern Ridge and Valley Dry Calcareous Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Southern Ridge and Valley Dry Calcareous Forest - Pine Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	Southern Ridge and Valley Dry Calcareous Forest - Hardwood Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	Central Appalachian Oak and Pine Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Northeastern Interior Dry Oak Forest-Hardwood Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	Northeastern Interior Dry Oak Forest - Virginia/Pitch Pine Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	Southern and Central Appalachian Oak Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Southern and Central Appalachian Oak Forest - Xeric				
Forest/Woodland	South-Central Interior Mesophytic Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Southern Interior Low Plateau Dry-Mesic Oak Forest				
Forest/Woodland	Southern Interior Low Plateau Dry-Mesic Oak Forest - Evergreen Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	Northern Atlantic Coastal Plain Dry Hardwood Forest				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Northern Mesic Hardwood Forest				
Prairie	East Gulf Coastal Plain Black Belt Calcareous Prairie and Woodland - Herbaceous Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Northern Dry Upland Hardwood Forest				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Northern Dry Upland Hardwood Forest - Offsite Pine Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Interior Shortleaf Pine-Oak Forest - Hardwood Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	East Gulf Coastal Plain Interior Shortleaf Pine-Oak Forest - Pine Modifier				
Forest/Woodland	Southern Coastal Plain Dry Upland Hardwood Forest				

CITATIONS: Alsop FJ III. 1991. Birds of the Smokies. Gatlinburg: Great Smoky Mountains Natural History

bSOSP Page 4 of 5

Association.

American Ornithologists' Union (AOU), Committee on Classification and Nomenclature. 1983. Check-list of North American Birds. Sixth Edition. American Ornithologists' Union, Allen Press, Inc., Lawrence, Kansas.

Arcese, P., M. K. Sogge, A. B. Marr, and M. A. Patten. 2002. Song Sparrow (Melospiza melodia). In The Birds of North America, No. 704 (A. Poole and F. Gill, eds.). The Birds of North America, Inc., Philadelphia, PA.

Ball, R. M., Jr., and J. C. Avise. 1992. Mitochondrial DNA phylogenetic differentiation among avian populations and the evolutionary significance of subspecies. Auk 109:626-636.

Bent, A. C. 1968. Life histories of North American cardinals, grosbeaks, buntings, towhees, finches, sparrows, and allies. Bull. U.S. Nat. Mus.

Ehrlich, P.R., D.S. Dobkin, and D. Wheye. 1992. Birds in jeopardy: the imperiled and extinct birds of the United States and Canada, including Hawaii and Puerto Rico. Stanford University Press, Stanford, California. 259 pp.

Fussell, J.O. III. 1994. A birder's guide to coastal North Carolina. Chapel Hill and London: The University of North Carolina

Hare, M. P., and G. F. Shields. 1992. Mitochondrial-DNA variation in the polytypic Alaskan song sparrow. Auk 109:126-132.

Harrison, C. 1978. A field guide to the nests, eggs and nestlings of North American birds. Collins, Cleveland,

Harrison, H.H. 1975. A field guide to bird's nests in the U.S. east of the Mississippi River. Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston, Massachusetts.

Harrison, H.H. 1979. A field guide to western birds' nests. Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston. 279

National Geographic Society (NGS). 1983. Field guide to the birds of North America. National Geographic Society, Washington,

Nice, M.M. 1964. Studies in the life history of the song sparrow. 573

Palmer-Ball, B.L., Jr. 1996. The Kentucky Breeding Bird Atlas. The University Press of Kentucky,

Potter, E. F., J. F. Parnell, and R. P. Teulings. 1980. Birds of the Carolinas. Univ. North Carolina Press, Chapel Hill. 408

Rising, J.D. D.D. Beadle. 1996. A guide to the identification and natural history of the sparrows of the United States and Canada. Academic Press, San Diego.

Simpson MB Jr. 1992. Birds of the Blue Ridge Mountains. Chapel Hill and London: University of North Carolina

Terres, J.K. 1980. The Audubon Society encyclopedia of North American birds. Alfred A. Knopf, New

Zink, R. M., and D. L. Dittmann. 1993. Gene flow, refugia, and evolution of geographic variation in the song sparrow (MELOSPIZA MELODIA). Evolution 47:717-729.

For more information:: SE-GAP Analysis Project / BaSIC 127 David Clark Labs Dept. of Biology, NCSU Raleigh, NC 27695-7617 (919) 513-2853 www.basic.ncsu.edu/segap

Compiled: 15 September 2011

This data was compiled and/or developed by the Southeast GAP Analysis Project at The Biodiversity and Spatial Information Center, North Carolina State University